

DATA SHEET

MICROFLOW - 1/4" ARNITE PBT

General Description

Flowmeter is a general-purpose device; its working range can be individually defined according to its nozzle size. It is employed for measuring, regulating or metering and guarantees most precise measurement of fluid quantities. In addition, a pulse generator integrated into the flowmeter guarantees a practically unlimited useful life.

Special features: Linear inlet and outlet, compact design, great working range, depending on the nozzle diameter.

Approvals / Standards

EN55014-1:00+A1:01+A2:02, EN61000-6-3:01 + A11:04, IEC61000-6-3:06(ed.2.0), EN61000-3-2:06, IEC61000-3-2:05(ed.3.0), EN61000-3-3:95+A1:01+A2:05, IEC61000-3-3:94+A1:01+A2:05(Cons.ed 1.2) EN55014-2:97 + A1:01, EN61000-6-1:01, IEC61000-6-1:05(ed.2)



Material:

Housing: PBT 35%GF Bearing pin: Inox 1.4305

Ø 1.0, 1.2, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, Nozzle: 4.0 mm PPS 40%GF

Ø 5.6mm PBT 35%GF Nozzle:

MVQ (Silikon) 0-ring:

FPM (Viton) / EPDM on request

Turbine: **PVDF 2 Magnets** Magnete: Ceramic Sr Fe O

(in contact with the medium)

Screws: PT-screws

(Phillips cross recessed)

Technical data:

Flow rate-0.041 - 15 l/min depending on the nozzle diameter

Continuous operation: max. 500 rpm of the turbine

Measuring accuracy: +/-2.0%Repetition: < +/- 0.25%

Temperature range: -10°C to +65°C

14°F to 149°F

 $20 \ bar \ at \ 20^{\circ} C$ Pressure range: 290 psi /68°F

Mounting position: Horizontal *

Ø 1.0, 1.2, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, Nozzle size:

4.0, 5.6mm

* Accuracy in the linear range for individually calibrated equipment

Electrical connection ratings:

Power supply: +3.8 to +24 VDC

Consumption: $< 8 \, \text{mA}$

Signal voltage:

Signal:

Open collector NPN Signal connection: (PNP on request) 0 VDC GND

(saturation < 0.7 V)

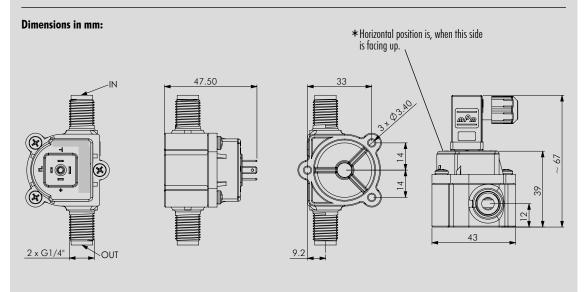
Square-wave output

Signal load: max. 20 mA

Leakage current: max. $10 \mu A$

Connections: 3Pin-AMP 2.8 x 0.8mm

Duty Cycle: ~50%



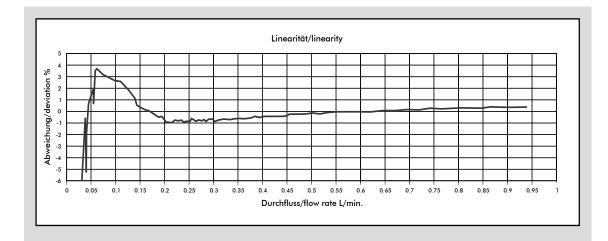
RESISTANCE

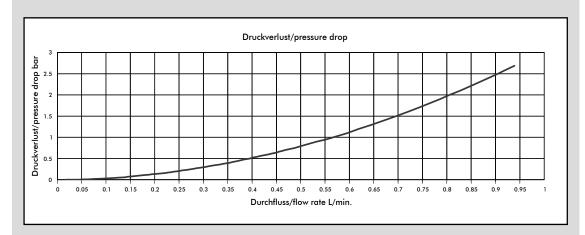
Special regulations which must be complied with by the flowmeter manufacturer apply to each country, e.g. CE, NSF, FDA and SK. The various media flowing through the flowmeter differ from application to application. You are advised to enquire with the medium manufacturer as to whether the entire installation and the flowmeter are resistant to the medium itself (see Material)!

ELECTRONIC

- The flowmeter does not supply an output voltage but switches the signal terminal to 0 V ground (actuated) or leaves it open (nonactuated)
- There must be a pull-up resistor between power supply + and signal depending on electronic circuitry!

Ø1.00mm





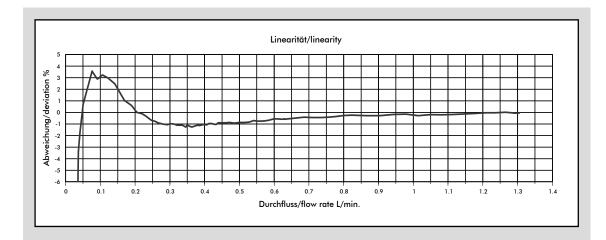
Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

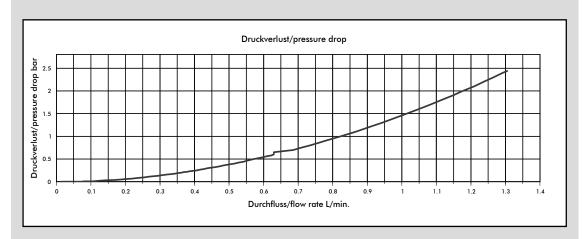
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Ø 1.00 mm	2063	0.48	0.041	0.56	1.0
Ø 1.20 mm	1700	0.59	0.050	0.82	1.0
Ø 2.00 mm	988	1.00	0.091	2.40	1.0
Ø 2.50 mm	760	1.31	0.150	3.74	1.0
Ø 3.00 mm	565	1.76	0.102	5.63	1.0
Ø 4.00 mm	381	2.62	0.123	8.38	0.8
Ø 5.60 mm	236	4.22	0.308	9.26	0.5

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation. We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
- Do not mechanically load electrical contacts
- Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)





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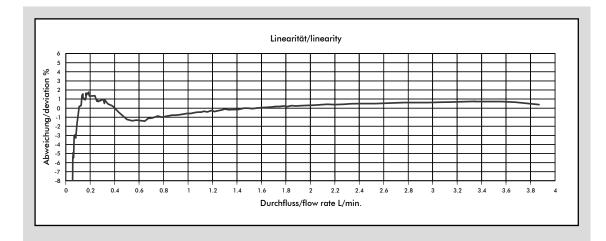
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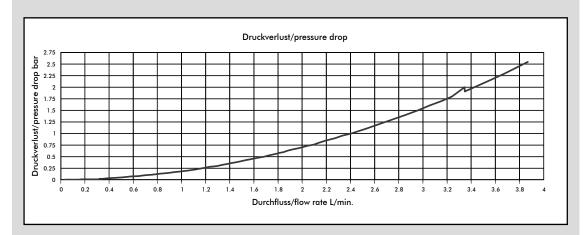
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Ø2.00mm





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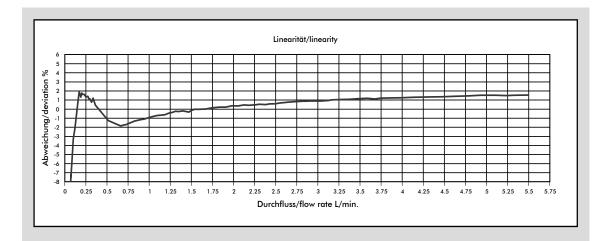
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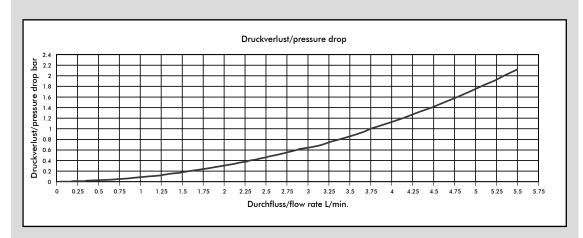
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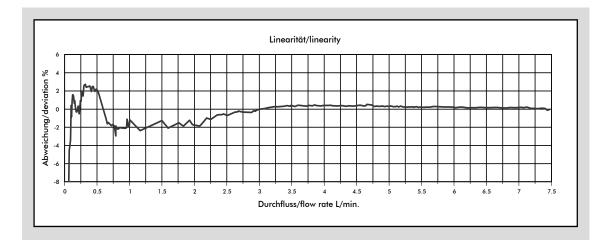
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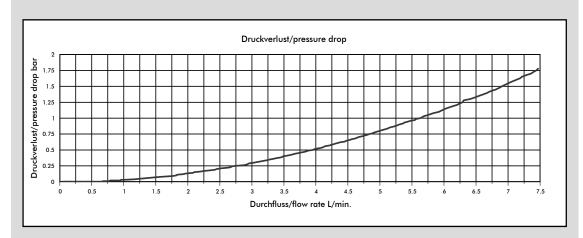
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Ø3.00mm





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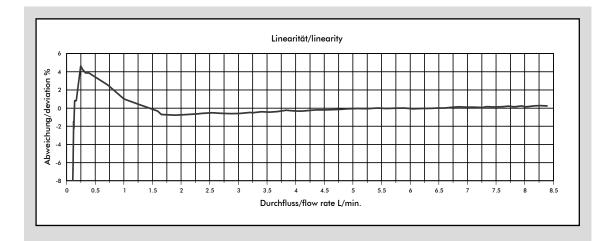
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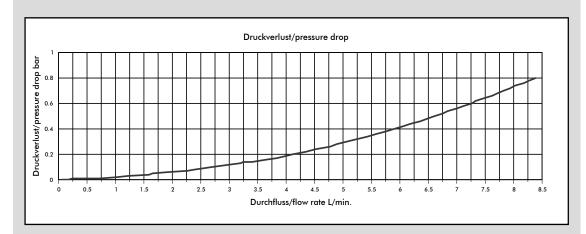
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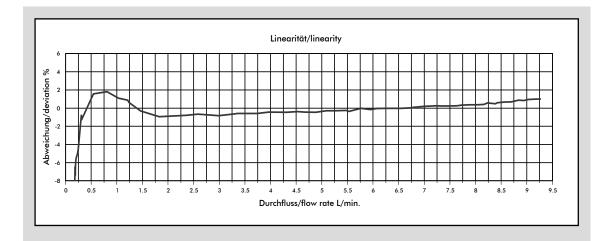
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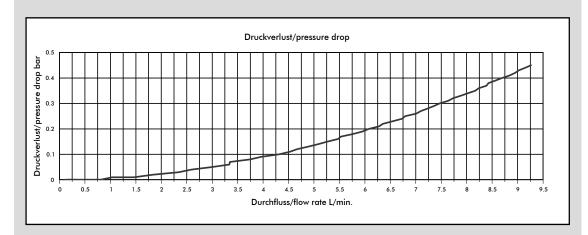
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